Matter Lesson 3



<u>Learning Goal 4:</u> I can classify examples and particles illustrations of matter as a pure substance (element), pure substance (compound), mixture (homogeneous), or mixture (heterogeneous).

Ask your teacher for the three handouts and three card sets that accompany this lesson.

Vocabulary!

Matter is composed of small *particles*.

Particles are composed of one or more atoms.

• Look at the handout titled "Elements and Compounds".

This handout illustrates two types of particles called <u>elements</u> and compounds.

- \bigstar The <u>atoms</u> in the particles are represented by different shapes.
 - Compare the <u>atoms</u> in the element particles to the <u>atoms</u> in the compound particles.
 - **?** What do you think is the main difference between the atoms in the element particles and the atoms in the compound particles?

∜ Open the envelope labeled "<u>Elements and Compounds Card Set</u>".

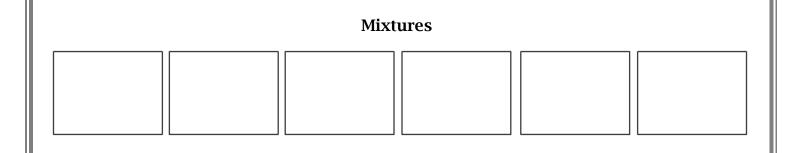
This card set contains twelve cards which illustrate element and compound particles.

 \bigstar The <u>atoms</u> in the particles are represented by different shapes.

	rds into two groups based on whether the particles on d are element particles or compound particles.				
When you l	When you have finished, ask your teacher to check your card sort.				
? Sketch the	results of your card sort in the boxes below:				
	Elements				
	Compounds				
Vocabulary!	 <u>Tlement particles</u> are composed of individual or <u>identical</u> atoms. <u>Compound particles</u> are composed of two or more <u>different</u> atoms. 				
look at the con	o the handout titled " <u>Elements and Compounds</u> " and mpound particles on the bottom half of the card. I compound particles are composed of two or more element particle atoms.				

	Element Particles	Compour	nd Particle
	and	C	
parti	square, círcle, and ccle atoms, construdoxes below. The firs	ct the indicated con	npound partícles
	<u>Element</u>	<u>Atoms</u>	
	\triangle		
fake a compound with: 2 of one element and 1 of another element	Make a compound with: 2 of one element and 3 of another element	Make a compound with: 2 of one element and 2 of another element	Make a compound with: 3 different elements
₩ Look at the	handout titled " <u>Pu</u>	re Substances and S	
This handout			-

	Compare the <u>particles</u> in the pure substances to the <u>particles</u> in the mixtures.
	? What do you think is the main difference between the particles in the pure substances and the particles in the mixtures?
	•
Sup	Open the envelope labeled "Pure Substances and Mixtures Card Set".
	This card set contains twelve cards which illustrate pure substances and mixtures.
	\bigstar The <u>atoms</u> in the particles are represented by different shapes.
	Sort the cards into two groups based on whether the substance on each card represents a pure substance or a mixture.
	When you have finished, ask your teacher to check your card sort.
	? Sketch the results of your card sort in the boxes on the next page.
	Pure Substances



<u>Pure Substances</u> are composed of <u>particles</u> that are all identical.

Vocabulary!

Vocabulary!

This includes substances that are:

- composed of all identical element particles.
- composed of all identical compound particles.

<u>Mixtures</u> are composed of <u>particles</u> that are NOT all identical.

This includes substances that are:

- composed of two or more different element particles.
- composed of two or more different compound particles.
- composed of both element and compound particles.

 $\ensuremath{\,^{\circ}\!\!\!\!/}$ Open the envelope labeled "Mixtures Card Set".

This card set contains twelve cards which illustrate mixtures of different types of particles.

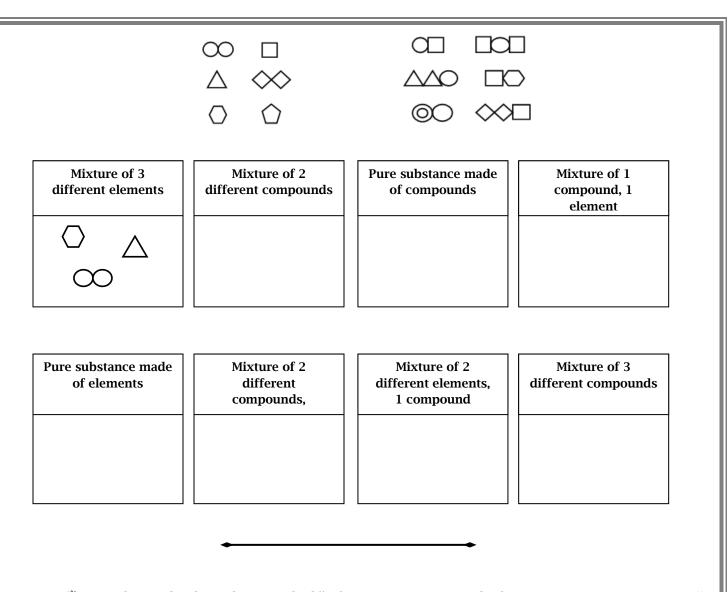
- \bigstar The <u>atoms</u> in the particles are represented by different shapes.
 - [™] Sort the cards into three groups based on whether the mixtures

are composed of two or more different elements, two or more different compounds, or both elements and compounds.
When you have finished, ask your teacher to check your card sort.
? Sketch the results of your card sort in the boxes below.
Mixtures of Different Elements
Mixtures of Different Compounds
Mixtures of Both Elements and Compounds

? Using the element and compound particles shown below, construct the indicated pure substances and mixtures in the following boxes. The first one has been done for you.

Elements

Compounds



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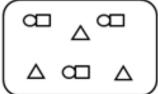
This handout illustrates two types of mixtures called <u>homogeneous</u> and <u>heterogeneous</u> mixtures.

- \bigstar The <u>atoms</u> in the particles are represented by different shapes.
 - © Compare the <u>arrangement</u> of particles in homogeneous mixtures to the <u>arrangement</u> of particles in heterogeneous mixtures.
 - **?** What do you think is the main difference between the arrangement of particles in homogeneous mixtures and the arrangement of particles in heterogeneous mixtures?

	ard set títled " <u>Míxtures Card Set</u> ". Is card set into <u>two</u> groups based on whether the cards
illustrate	have finished, ask your teacher to check your card sort.
? Sketch the	results of your card sort in the boxes below:
	Homogeneous Mixtures
	Heterogeneous Mixtures
Vocabulary!	 Homogeneous Míxture: The particles are evenly distributed throughout the mixture. Heterogeneous Míxture: The particles are NOT evenly distributed throughout the mixture.

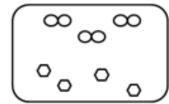
? Classify each substance below as a particular type of matter by coloring or circling the appropriate boxes. The first one has been done for you.

Pure Substance
Element (E) Compound (C)



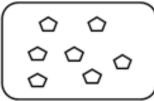
Mixture					
Het	erogei	neous	Homogeneous		eous
E	С	E&C	E	С	E&C

Pure Substance
Element (E) Compound (C)

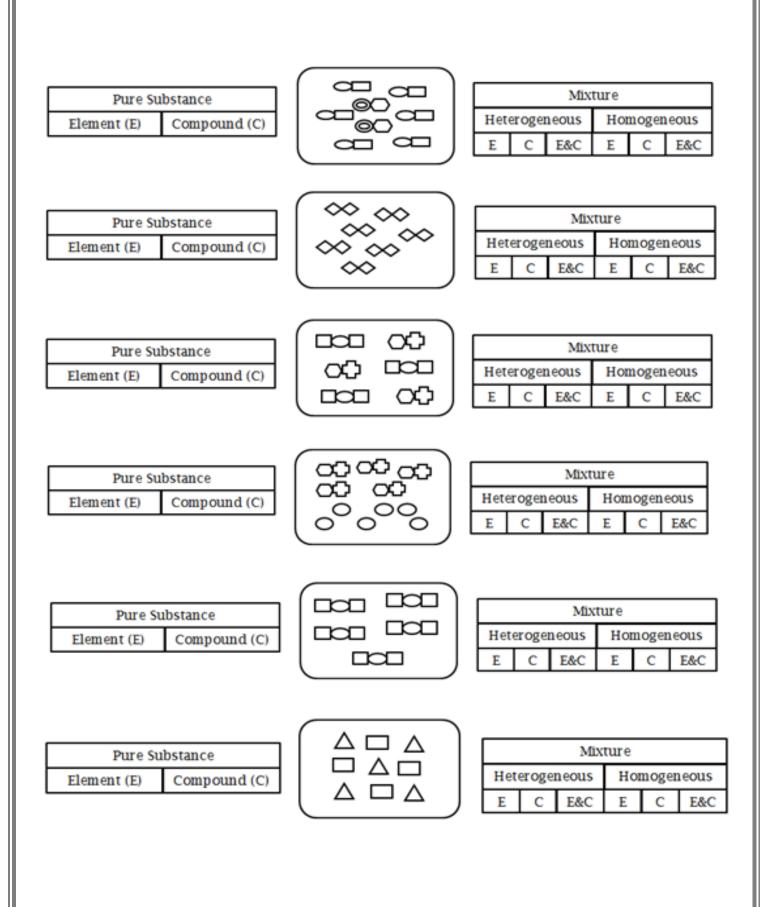


Mixture					
Heterogeneous			Homogeneous		eous
E	С	E&C	E	С	E&C

Pure Substance
Element (E) Compound (C)



Mixture					
Heterogeneous			Homogeneous		
E	С	E&C	E	С	E&C



- Ask your teacher for the set of task cards titled "Matter Set 3". You will also need a copy of the "Matter Set 3 Task Card Answer Sheet".
 - ? Record your answers on the Task Card Answer Sheet. Be sure that you indicate the color of your task cards.

Classification of Matter Study Sheet - Page 1

Vocabulary

Matter: anything with mass and volume; matter is composed of small <u>particles</u>

Particle: very small pieces of matter; particles are composed of <u>atoms</u>

Atom: tiny pieces of matter that compose particles

Element: a particle composed of a single atom or more than one identical atoms

Compound: a particle composed of two or more different atoms

Pure Substance: a substance composed of <u>identical</u> <u>particles</u>; pure substances contain identical element particles or identical compound particles

Mixture: a substance composed of two or more <u>different</u> <u>particles</u>; mixtures may contain different element particles, different compound particles, or both element and compound particles

Homogeneous Mixture: a mixture whose particles are evenly distributed throughout the mixture
Heterogeneous Míxture: a mixture whose particles are unevenly distributed throughout the mixture

Classification of Matter Study Sheet - Page 2 Matter Composed of particles **Mixtures Pure Substances** Particles are identical Particles are NOT identical Elements Compounds Homogeneous Heterogeneous Particles are composed Particles are composed Particles are Particles are NOT of identical atoms of different atoms evenly distributed evenly distributed Elements <u></u> 00 00 Compounds / Elements Compounds

